Understanding the Importance and Types of Income and Expense Statements

# What does this list represent? 

Hay Costs: $\$ 800.00$
Vet Bill: 200.00
Vaccinations: \$100.00
Miscellaneous supplies: 100.00

## What does this list represent?

■ Sold old 1200 lb cow for $\$ 0.70 / \mathrm{lb}$

- Sold 5 - 600 lb calves for $\$ 100 /$ cwt
- Sold $1 / 2$ ton of hay for $\$ 50.00$ /ton
- Sold $2,000 \mathrm{lb}$ bull for $\$ 0.40 / \mathrm{lb}$


## What is an expense statement?

- Expense statement = record of all current expenditures of a business
- Record should be kept of all cash and non-cash items in order to see the real expenses of a business
- Feed expenses and non-feed expenses should be kept separate


## What are cash expenses?

Current expenses which are paid for with money
$\square$ Cash
$\square$ Check
$\square$ Any other form of payment that involves payment of debt with money

## What are non cash expenses?

- Current expenses = paid for by working off debt
Example: You work for a neighbor and they pay for your labor with the exchange of hay for your cows
$\square$ You paid off your debt or expense with labor.


## What is an income statement?

- Record of all current income received by a business
$\square$ May be defined as a cash sale
$\square$ Value of products used at home
$\square$ Value of production transferred or bartered
$\square$ Value of ag labor exchanged for non-cash operating expenses


## What is a cash sale?

- Cash sale = you sell a product and receive money for it in the form of cash, check, or other suitable means of transferring money
- Current income only
- Anything that has a useful life of less than one year will be reported here


## What is the Value of Products Used

 at Home?- Business owner uses a current product produced by a business at home
- Doesn't have to pay for it otherwise
- The business owner should give themselves credit for the product as they don't have to go to a store to buy it elsewhere
- Example would be when a rancher puts one of their steers in the freezer at home. That steer has a value and the rancher does not have to buy meat at the grocery store. This is a form of income.


## What is the Value of production transferred or bartered?

- Current income that is reported when a product has been transferred out of one enterprise to another enterprise
- Example if a student has a market hog SAE and a swine production SAE and decides to keep these records separate for the purpose of making sound business decisions this column will usually be used. If a student is producing show hogs in the swine production SAE, but also has a fair project with separate records that needs to be purchased from the swine production SAE

What is the Value of Ag Labor Exchanged for Non-Cash Operating Expenses?

- Current income received in the form of supplies (expenses) used in a business
- Example: A student works for their parents or neighbors on a farm or ranch and doesn't receive payment but gets feed and supplies in exchange for their labor in their SAE, this column may be used.


## What are capital transactions?

- Non current income and expense items
- Example if a student buys a cow this is where the expense goes. If a student sells a cow out of their non-current inventory this is where the income goes.


## What is a Depreciable Capital Sale or Purchase?

- This is a sale or purchase of a noncurrent product that is not raised by you but you paid for
- Example, a bull you purchased from a pure breeder.


## What is a Non Depreciable Capital

 Sale or Purchase?- Sale or purchase of a non-current product that is raised by you that you did not purchase
- Example a cow that you raised and need to cull


## Hands on Example

- $1 / 1$ - Paid for hay for cows out of checking account: 4000 lbs for $\$ 60 /$ ton.
- $1 / 15$ - Mineral block - $\$ 6.00$
- $1 / 17$ - Sold home raised cow \# 10 for $\$ 0.73 / \mathrm{lb}$ she weighed 1000 pounds.
- $1 / 17$ - Bought 600 lb heifer for $\$ 105 / \mathrm{cwt}$
- $1 / 18$ - Bought 4 calves to background will sell in March: $\$ 2000.00$
- $1 / 30$ - Vet came out to stitch heifer: $\$ 150.00$
- 2/15 - Bought 10 sacks of grain for cows @ 7.00 each
- $2 / 20$ - Bought 700 pound heifer for $98.00 /$ cwt
- 3/15 - Bought bull for $\$ 2500.00$
- $3 / 18$ - Bought O.B. chains with handle: $\$ 15.00$
- 3/20 - Bought 2 bags of colostrum: $\$ 5.00$ each
- 3/30 - Bought vaccination supplies: $\$ 150.00$
- $3 / 30$ - Sold back grounding calves: $\$ 3,500.00$
- 4/15 - Bought ear tags: $\$ 10.00$
- $4 / 20$ - Bought 1 ton of hay for \$70/ton
- $5 / 15$ - Bought Semen for Breeding: 10 straws for $\$ 15.00$ each
- 6/1 - Bought synchronization medicine: $\$ 200.00$
- 6/15 - Pasture 10 head for $\$ 15.00$ ea
- 7/15 - Pasture 10 head for $\$ 15.00$ ea
- 8/15 - Pasture 10 head for $\$ 15.00$ ea
- 9/15 - Pasture 10 head for $\$ 15.00$ ea
- 10/15 - Pasture 10 head for $\$ 15.00$ ea
- $11 / 1$ - Sold 3 calves weighing 500 lbs ea for $\$ 115.00 / \mathrm{cwt}$
- $12 / 15$ - Bought 2 tons of hay for $\$ 90.00$ /ton

